

Re: [PATCH 0/11] LTTng-core (basic tracing infrastructure) 0.5.108

Source: <http://linux.derkeiler.com/Mailing-Lists/Kernel/2006-09/msg04492.html>

- *From:* Mathieu Desnoyers <mathieu.desnoyers@xxxxxxxxxx>
 - *Date:* Sat, 16 Sep 2006 13:24:19 -0400
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* Jes Sorensen (jes@xxxxxxx) wrote:

Mathieu Desnoyers wrote:

Please Ingo, stop repeating false argument without taking in account people's corrections :

* Ingo Molnar (mingo@xxxxxxx) wrote:

sorry, but i disagree. There is a solution that is superior in every aspect: kprobes + SystemTap. (or any other equivalent dynamic tracer)

I am sorry to have to repeat myself, but this is not true for heavy loads.

Alan pointed out earlier in the thread that the actual kprobe is noise in this context, and I have seen similar issues on real workloads. Yes kprobes are probably a little higher overhead in real life, but you have to way that up against the rest of the system load.

If you want to prove people wrong, I suggest you do some real life implementation and measure some real workloads with a predefined set of tracepoints implemented using kprobes and LTT and show us that the benchmark of the user application suffers in a way that can actually be measured. Argueing that a syscall takes an extra 50 instructions because it's traced using kprobes rather than LTT doesn't mean it actually has any real impact.

"The 'kprobes' are too high overhead that makes them unusable" is one of these classic myths that the static tracepoint advocates so far have only been backing up with rhetoric. Give us some hard evidence or stop repeating this argument please. Just because something is repeated constantly doesn't transform it into truth.

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Hi,

Here we go. I made a test that we can consider a lower bound for kprobes impact.
Two tests per run.

Simulation of high speed network traffic :

time ping -f localhost

First run : without any tracing activated, LTTng probes compiled in :

39457 packets received in 2.021 seconds : 19523.50 packets/s

142672 packets received in 7.237 seconds : 19714.24 packets/s

Second run : LTTng tracing activated (traces system calls, interrupts and packet in/out...) :

93051 packets received in 7.395 seconds : 12582.96 packets/s

121585 packets received in 9.703 seconds : 12530.66 packets/s

Third run : same LTTng instrumentation, with a kprobe handler triggered by each event traced.

56643 packets received in 11.152 seconds : 5079.17 packets/s

50150 packets received in 9.593 seconds : 5227.77 packets/s

The bottom line is :

LTTng impact on the studied phenomenon : 35% slower

LTTng+kprobes impact on the studied phenomenon : 73% slower

Therefore, I conclude that on this type of high event rate workload, kprobes doubles the tracer impact on the system.

Mathieu

OpenPGP public key: <http://krystal.dyndns.org:8080/key/compudj.gpg>

Key fingerprint: 8CD5 52C3 8E3C 4140 715F BA06 3F25 A8FE 3BAE 9A68

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